2022_11 . This revision cancels all previous ones. Please, obtain the latest version from our web site · www.pidliftegrupopuma.com

UNOFIN CLASSIC



UNOFIN CLASSIC COARSE

White dry waterproof rendering mortar

DESCRIPTION

Dry mortar for façade, indoor jobs, patios, etc finishes. Rainwater-proof and permeable to water vapour. For plastering and masonry jobs in general.

TECHNICAL CARACTERISTICS

Product based on high resistance cement, selected aggregates, and other additives

ADVANTAGES AND USES

- · White finish.
- To be applied indoors and outdoors.
- · Waterproof cladding.
- Permeable to water vapour, allowing the substrate to breathe.
- Excellent adherence and plasticity.
- Up to 2 cm thickness. Non slip.
- · Smooth or sponge floated finish.

SUITABLE SUBSTRATES

- · Conventional cement and brickwork based substrates.
- Substrates must be resistant, stable, sound and clean, free of dust, demolding agents, organic products, etc.
- In case of hot or windy weather conditions or when applying over absorbent substrates, it is advisable to wet the substrate and wait till the thin layer of water disappears.
- With low-porosity substrates, apply a priming coat UnoFin ANCILLARY PRIMER or improve roughness by mechanical means.
- Do not apply on gypsum or on paint.

APPLICATION PROCEDURE

MECHANICAL APPLICATION

- Fix the optimum proportion water/mortar according to the chosen pump (section and hose length) and
 external weather conditions. Start with 20% proportion and modify it gradually until you achieve the
 appropriate consistency.
- It is important to maintain the same variables affecting the features of the applied mortar (distance to the wall, angle of application and water proportion).

MANUAL APPLICATION

- · Add water and mix by hand or mechanically until it takes on an even and workable consistency.
- Spread the mixed product over the substrate with the use of a trowel.
- · Let stand as long as necessary and then float finish.



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REINFORCEMENT MESH

- Special areas where the coating suffers tensions derived from the structure or due to the meeting of materials of a dfferent nature on the substrate.
- A suitable treatment for these areas consists of incorporating a reinforcing mesh embedded in the mortar, to reinforce it and prevent it from cracking.

Placing the mesh:

- Place a 10 x 10 mm fibrebreglass or anti-alkali treated mesh embedded in the mortar.
- The mesh must protrude at least 200 mm on each side of the joint between the different materials.
- The mesh is placed diagonally in pieces of 200 x 400 mm in corners.
- The mesh should be gobbled up by the mortar. If it is too close to the substrate, it will not perform its task of "holding" the mortar well.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Do not apply below 5°C nor above 30°C.
- In case of heavy heat, wind, or very absorbent substrates, it is advisable to moisten the substrate and wait until the water film is totally absorbed.
- Do not apply when there is a risk of frost, rain, strong wind or direct sunlight.
- An excess of water may increase shrinkage and reduce mechanical resistance.
- Because of the change in raw materials, the shades of the coloured mortars may vary slightly by batch.
- The cladding must be interrupted at the level of the structural joints.
- It is not advisable to apply on horizontal or sloped surfaces.
- The application of render with different thicknesses (on joints with faulty seals or with excessive thickness)
 may cause visible imperfections, colour differences and cracks in the render. Due to the textured effect,
 the product may not always appear to have an homogeneous colour. Zoning constitutes the guidelines of
 the plaster application; they facilitate application being the reference to achieve the desired thickness and
 eliminate joints.
- For a thickness of over 2 cm, it is advisable to apply the product in two coats.
- The final minimum thickness should be 10 mm.
- Protect the starting point of the plaster from capillary humidity placing a plinth at the base of the wall In
 exterior claddings, it is necessary to crown the cladding with an aileron or cushion system, rain awning or
 gutter to protect it from the rain.
- Cleaning parapets and surfaces of cornices at least once a year.
- Cleaning the wall using pressurized water with neutral soap when the wall presents a significant degree of dirtiness due to pollution and the level of aesthetic deterioration advises it.
- In highly contaminated areas, this operation may be required every two to three years.
- The mortar is a finishing coat for façades so it must be applied at the end of the constructive process, following the required previous applications and protections.
- Its application should be performed properly so no significant repairs or restoration work have to be performed as a result of any possible damages that may arise.

CURING

- Between 5 and 30 °C, curing not required
- Between 30 and 35 °C, wetting the following day, 2 times per day.
- Between 35 and 45 °C, wetting the following 72 hours, 2 times per day

PACKAGING AND STORAGE

25 kg plastic-lined paper bags.

Shelf life: 1 year in sealed original packaging, sheltered from weather conditions and humidity.



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TECHNICAL DATA

(Statistical data obtained under standard conditions)

Aspect	WHITE powder
Water vapour permeability	µ ≤ 15
Adhesion	≥ 0,3 N/mm²
UNE-EN 998-1 Classification	CR CSIV W2
Approximate yield	
AAC Blocks	18-19 Kg/m²/cm
Red Bricks	19-21 Kg/m²/cm
Concrete Surfaces	18-19 Kg/m²/cm
* The above yield may vary depending upon the several crucial factors, viz. s condition, undulation, application thickness, etc. To ensure accurate and effective consumption, we strongly recommend condubefore final application.	

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